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10/700,483	11/05/2003	Akio Aoyama	NEC03P166-RIa	7753		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/700,483 AOYAMA, AKIO Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit

		FRED A. CASCA	2617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
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Status							
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>12/25</u> This action is FINAL. 2b)\(\sumeq\) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro		e merits is			
Disposition of Claims							
5) 6) 7)	Claim(s) 1-73 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-73 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Applicati	ion Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority accuments  application from the International Bureau  See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage			
Attachmen	it(s) ie of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				

- Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
   Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S5/05)
- Paper No(s)/Mail Date.
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) Other:

Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_

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#### DETAILED ACTION

This action is in response to applicant's amendment filed on December 29, 2009. Claims
 1-73 are still pending in the present application.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all
  obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-2, 5-8, 10-13, 16, 20-21, 24, 26-27, 30-32, 35-35, 38-40, 43, 45-50, 53 and 55-73 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Veerasamy et al (US 2004/0203855 A1) in view of Ma et al (US 2003/0148765 A1).

<u>Referring to claim 1</u>, Veerasamy discloses a method of collecting information used for adjustments with an information collecting server in a radio communication system connected to at least one mobile radio terminal for performing user communications (abstract and Par. 7, Fig. 1, "server 195"), comprising:

in said mobile radio terminal, monitoring a communication status of a communication connection using a traffic channel, wherein said communication status corresponds to whether or not the mobile radio terminal has an existing communication connection using the traffic channel, which satisfies predetermined criteria (Fig. 1 and par. 31-32, 33 and 35, 61-63, "MS 113 ... in communication with BS 102", "detects RF holes ... relays GPS position", note that the

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mobile terminal reports call drop, thus it monitors its communication status. Further note that a call drop happens when the signal strength is weaker than a predetermined threshold (predetermined criteria)).

detecting as a trigger when a change of said communication status has satisfied a predetermined condition (par. 34, 61, "detect RF holes," "call dropped," note that the call drop is the predetermined condition);

acquiring a coordinate position of said mobile radio terminal and sending measured information including coordinate position to said information collecting server ((Par. 35 and 36, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server").

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server in the format claimed.

Ma discloses acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when a trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server (fig. 4 and Par. 36, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the method of Veerasamy in the format claimed, for the purpose of providing an efficient communication system.

Referring to claim 2, combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses the method according to claim 1, and further disclose predetermined condition comprises an occurrence of a forced disconnection of the user communication (Veerasamy, Par. 34-35, "holes").

Referring to claim 5, combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses the method according to claim 1

The combination does not specifically disclose the predetermined condition is a call which is made. The combination discloses that the predetermined condition is handover of a call from a first base station to another base station (Vecrasamy, Par. 33).

It would have been an obvious design choice to modify the invention of Veerasamy/Ma by limiting the predetermined condition to a call initiation condition since the applicant has not disclosed that having the predetermined condition being call made solves any stated problems or is for any particular purpose and it appears that handover being set as a precondition would perform equally well as the predetermined condition since a handover inherently comprises a call set up with the target base station.

Referring to claim 6, combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses the method according to claim 1 and further discloses in said information collecting server, sending value information indicative of a value given for said measured information, which is provided to said mobile radio terminal when said measured information is received; and in said mobile radio terminal, displaying the value indicated by said value information when said value information is received (Veerasamy, par. 55-58 and 71, and Ma fig. 1-4).

Referring to claim 7, combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses the method according to claim 1, and further disclose the radio communication system comprises a CDMA radio communication system (Veerasamy, par. 24, "CDMA"). Art Unit: 2617

Referring to claim 8, Veerasamy discloses a method of collecting information used for adjustments with an information collecting server in a radio communication system connected to at least one mobile radio terminal for performing user communications (abstract and Par. 7, Fig. 1, "server 195"), comprising: in said information collecting server, sending a trigger command simultaneously to the at least on mobile terminal (Par. 61, note that "REPORT CALL DROP" is equivalent to "a trigger command"), in response to said trigger command: acquiring a coordinate position of said mobile radio terminal and sending measured information including coordinate position to said information collecting server (Par. 35 and 36, and 61, and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position"); and recording said information received from said mobile radio terminal (Par. 35 and 36, and 61, note that the information transmitted to the server is inherently recorded).

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server in the format claimed.

Ma discloses acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when a trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server (fig. 4 and Par. 36, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the method of Veerasamy in the format claimed, for the purpose of providing an efficient communication system. Referring to claim 11, claim 11 recites features analogous to the features of claim 7.

Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses all elements of claim 11.

Claims 10, 18, 25, 29, 37, 44, 47 and 54 recite features analogous to the features of claim 6. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Desgagne discloses all elements of claims 10, 18, 25, 29, 37, 44, 47 and 54.

Claims 16, 24, 35, 43, and 53 recite features analogous to the features of claim 5 (as rejected above). Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses all limitations of claims 16, 24, 35, 43, and 53.

Referring to claim 56, combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses the method according to claim 1, and inherently disclose acquiring a reception status further includes acquiring at least one of a received signal quality and a received signal intensity of a common channel (par. 24 and 33).

Referring to claim 57, combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses the method according to claim 1, and further disclose acquiring said coordinate position information further includes acquiring coordinate information of said mobile radio terminal by using Global Positioning System (Par. 36, "GPS").

<u>Referring to claim 12</u>, Veerasamy discloses a method of collecting information used for adjustments with an information collecting server in a radio communication system connected to at least one mobile radio terminal for performing user communications (abstract and Par. 7, Fig. 1, "server 195"), comprising:

in said information collecting server, sending a trigger command simultaneously to the at least on mobile terminal (Par. 61, note that "REPORT CALL DROP" is equivalent to "a trigger command"),

in said mobile radio terminal, monitoring a communication status of a communication connection using a traffic channel, wherein said communication status corresponds to whether or not the mobile radio terminal has an existing communication connection using the traffic channel, which satisfies predetermined criteria (Fig. 1 and par. 31-32, 33 and 35, "MS 113 ... in communication with BS 102", "detects RF holes ... relays GPS position", note that the mobile terminal reports call drop, thus it monitors its communication status. Further note that a call drop happens when the signal strength is weaker than a predetermined threshold (predetermined criteria)),

detecting as a trigger when a change of said communication status has satisfied a predetermined condition (par. 34, 61, "detect RF holes," "call dropped," note that the call drop is the predetermined condition);

when one of said trigger command is received and said trigger is detected: acquiring a coordinate position of said mobile radio terminal and sending measured information including coordinate position to said information collecting server (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server").

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server in the format claimed.

Ma discloses acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when a trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server (fig. 4 and Par. 36, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the method of Veerasamy in the format claimed, for the purpose of providing an efficient communication system.

Claims 13 and 19 recite features analogous to the features of claims 2 and 7. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses all elements of claims 13 and 19.

Referring to claim 20, Veerasamy discloses a system for collecting information used for adjustments in a radio communication system for performing user communication (abstract and Par. 7, Fig. 1, "server 195"), comprising: at least one mobile radio terminal that monitors a communication status of a communication connection using a traffic channel, wherein said communication status corresponds to whether or not the mobile radio terminal has an existing communication connection using the traffic channel, which satisfies predetermined criteria (Fig. 1 and par. 31-32, 33 and 35, "MS 113 ... in communication with BS 102", "detects RF holes ... relays GPS position", note that the mobile terminal reports call drop, thus it monitors its communication status. Further note that a call drop happens when the signal strength is weaker than a predetermined threshold (predetermined criteria)), and if a trigger is detected when a change of said communication status has satisfied a predetermined condition (par. 34, 61, "detect RF holes," "call dropped," note that the call drop is the predetermined condition), acquires a coordinate position of the mobile radio terminal, and sends information including said coordinate position (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server");

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and an information collecting server that receives said information from said mobile radio terminal (figures 1-4 and Par. 61 and 33-35), wherein the information which has been received is recorded as collected information (Par. 35 and 36, and 61, note that the information transmitted to the server is inherently recorded).

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server in the format claimed.

Ma discloses acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when a trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server (fig. 4 and Par. 36, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the method of Veerasamy in the format claimed, for the purpose of providing an efficient communication system.

Claims 21, and 26 recite features analogous to the features of claims 2 and 7. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses all elements of claims 21 and 26.

Referring to claim 27, Vecrasamy discloses a system for collecting information used for adjustments in a radio communication system for performing user communication (abstract and Par. 7, Fig. 1, "server 195"), comprising: at least one mobile radio terminal for, when a trigger command is received, acquiring a coordinate position of the mobile radio terminal and sending information including said coordinate position (Fig. 1 and par. 31-32, 33, 61 and 35, "MS 113 ... in communication with BS 102", "detects RF holes ... relays GPS position"); and an information collecting server that sends said trigger command simultaneously to

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the at least one mobile radio terminal, and recording the information which has been received from said mobile radio terminal (Fig. 1-4, and Par. 61 and 33-36, note that the information transmitted to the server is inherently recorded).

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server in the format claimed.

Ma discloses acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when a trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server (fig. 4 and Par. 36, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the method of Veerasamy in the format claimed, for the purpose of providing an efficient communication system.

Claim 30 recites features analogous to the features of claim 7. Thus, the combination of Vecrasamy/Ma discloses all elements of claim 30.

Referring to claim 31, Veerasamy discloses a system for collecting information used for adjustments in a radio communication system for performing a user communication (abstract and Par. 7, Fig. 1, "server 195"), comprising:

at least one mobile radio terminal that monitors a communication status of a communication connection using a traffic channel, wherein said communication status corresponds to whether or not the mobile radio terminal has an existing communication connection using the traffic channel, which satisfies predetermined criteria (Fig. 1 and par. 31-32, 33 and 35, "MS 113 ... in communication with BS 102", "detects RF holes ... relays GPS

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position", note that the mobile terminal reports call drop, thus it monitors its communication status. Further note that a call drop happens when the signal strength is weaker than a predetermined threshold (predetermined criteria)). and if is detected when a change of said communication status has satisfied one of a predetermined condition or a trigger command is received ((par. 34, 61, "detect RF holes," "call dropped," note the is the predetermined condition), that call. drop acquiring a coordinate position of the mobile radio terminal, and sending information including said reception status and said coordinate position (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server"); and an information collecting server that sends said trigger command simultaneously to the at least one mobile radio terminal, and recording the information which has been received from said mobile radio terminal (Par. 35 and 36, and 61, note that the information transmitted to the server is inherently recorded).

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server in the format claimed.

Ma discloses acquiring a reception status of a radio signal when a trigger is detected and sending the reception status to the collecting server (fig. 4 and Par. 36, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the method of Veerasamy in the format claimed, for the purpose of providing an efficient communication system.

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Claims 32 and 38 recite features analogous to the features of claims 2 and 7. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses all elements of claims 32 and 38.

<u>Referring to claim 39</u>, Veerasamy discloses a mobile radio terminal for sending information used for adjustments in a radio communication system for performing user communications to an information collecting server (abstract and Par. 7, Fig. 1, "server 195"), comprising:

a communication status acquisition unit that acquires a communication status of a communication connection using a traffic channel, wherein said communication status corresponds to whether or not the mobile radio terminal has an existing communication connection using the traffic channel, which satisfies predetermined criteria (Fig. 1 and par. 31-32, 33 and 35, "MS 113 ... in communication with BS 102", "detects RF holes ... relays GPS position", note that the mobile terminal reports call drop, thus it monitors its communication status. Further note that a call drop happens when the signal strength is weaker than a predetermined threshold (predetermined criteria)); a positional information acquisition unit that acquires a coordinate position of the mobile radio terminal (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server"); and a control unit, triggerable when a change of said communication status acquired by said communication status acquisition unit has satisfied predetermined condition. that instructs said reception status acquisition unit instruct said positional information acquisition unit to acquire said coordinate position (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server"), and, when said reception coordinate position information status and said are acquired. sending

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including said coordinate position to said information collecting server (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server").

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose a reception status acquisition unit that acquires a reception status of a radio signal; and instructs said reception status acquisition unit to acquire said reception status and sending said reception status, as claimed.

Ma discloses a reception status acquisition unit that acquires a reception status of a radio signal; and instructs said reception status acquisition unit to acquire said reception status and sending said reception status (fig. 4 and Par. 36, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the method of Veerasamy in the format claimed, for the purpose of providing an efficient communication system.

Claims 40, and 45 recite features analogous to the features of claims 2 and 7. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses all elements of claims 40 and 47.

Referring to claim 46, Veerasamy discloses a mobile radio terminal for sending information used for adjustments in a radio communication system for performing a user communication to an information collecting server(abstract and Par. 7, Fig. 1, "server 195"), comprising: a trigger information reception unit that receives a trigger command from said information collecting server (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server"); a positional information acquisition unit that acquires a coordinate position of the mobile radio terminal (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server"); and a control unit, triggerable when said trigger command is received by said

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trigger information reception unit, that instructs said positional information acquisition unit to acquire said coordinate position, and, when said coordinate position are acquired, sending measured information including said coordinate position to said information collecting server (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server").

Vecrasamy does not specifically disclose a reception status acquisition unit that acquires a reception status of a radio signal; and instructs said reception status acquisition unit to acquire said reception status and sending said reception status, as claimed.

Ma discloses a reception status acquisition unit that acquires a reception status of a radio signal; and instructs said reception status acquisition unit to acquire said reception status and sending said reception status (fig. 4 and Par. 36, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the method of Veerasamy in the format claimed, for the purpose of providing an efficient communication system.

Claim 48 recites features analogous to the features of claims 1 and 7. Thus, the combination of Vecrasamy/Ma discloses all elements of claim 48.

Referring to claim 49, Veerasamy discloses a mobile radio terminal for sending information used for adjustments in a radio communication system for performing user communications to an information collecting server (abstract and Par. 7, Fig. 1, "server 195"), comprising: a communication status acquisition unit that acquires a communication status of a communication connection using a traffic channel, wherein said communication status corresponds to whether or not the mobile radio terminal has an existing communication connection using the traffic channel, which satisfies predetermined criteria (Fig. 1 and par. 31-

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32, 33 and 35, "MS 113 ... in communication with BS 102", "detects RF holes ... relays GPS position", note that the mobile terminal reports call drop, thus it monitors its communication status. Further note that a call drop happens when the signal strength is weaker than a predetermined threshold (predetermined criteria)); a trigger information reception unit that receives a trigger command from said information collecting server (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server"); a positional information acquisition unit that acquires a coordinate position of the mobile radio terminal (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server"); and a control unit, triggerable when said communication status acquired by said communication status acquisition unit has satisfied one of a predetermined condition and said trigger command is received by said trigger information reception unit (par. 34, 61, "detect RF holes," "call dropped," note that the call drop is the predetermined condition), that instructs said positional information acquisition unit to acquire said coordinate position, and, sending information including said coordinate position to said information collecting server (Par. 35 and 36, 61 and Figure 4, "relays the GPS position ... to RF coverage server").

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose a reception status acquisition unit that acquires a reception status of a radio signal; and instructs said reception status acquisition unit to acquire said reception status and sending said reception status, as claimed.

Ma discloses a reception status acquisition unit that acquires a reception status of a radio signal; and instructs said reception status acquisition unit to acquire said reception status and sending said reception status (fig. 4 and Par. 36, lines 1-4).

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It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the method of Veerasamy in the format claimed, for the purpose of providing an efficient communication system.

Claims 50 and 55 recite features analogous to the features of claims 2 and 7. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses all elements of claims 50 and 55.

Claims 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70 and 72 recite features analogous to the features of claim 56. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Desgagne discloses all elements of claims 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70 and 72.

Claims 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71 and 73 recite features analogous to the features of claim 57. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Desgagne discloses all elements of claims 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71 and 73.

4. Claims 3-4, 9, 14-15, 17, 19, 22-23, 28, 33-34, 36, 41-42, and 51-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Veerasamy et al (US 2004/0203855 A1) in view of Ma et al (US 2003/0148765 A1) and further in view of well known prior art (MPEP 2144.03).

Referring to claim 3, combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses the method according to claim 1.

Vecrasamy does not specifically disclose the predetermined condition comprises an occurrence of a handover failure.

The examiner takes official notice of the fact that handover failure is a well known reason for call drops.

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It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention of modify the combination in the format claimed by modifying the call loss of Veerasamy by handover failure, for the purpose determining locations that handover failure occurs and thus reducing handover failures.

Referring to claim 4, combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses the method according to claim 1.

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose predetermined condition comprises the lowering of a throughput of said user communication below a predetermined threshold value.

The examiner takes official notice of the fact that setting measurement of throughput e.g., throughput compared to a threshold is well known in the art.

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art to modify the combination in the format claimed, for the purpose of maintaining quality communication sessions and thus providing an efficient communication system.

Claims 14-15 recite features analogous to the features of claims 3-4. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma and well known art discloses all elements of claims 14-15.

Claims 22-23 recite features analogous to the features of claims 3-4. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma and well known art discloses all elements of claims 22-23.

Claims 33-34 recite features analogous to the features of claims 3-4. Thus, the combination of Veerasamv/Ma and well known art discloses all elements of claims 33-34.

Claims 41-42 recite features analogous to the features of claims 3-4. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma and well known art discloses all elements of claims 41-42.

Claims 51-52 recite features analogous to the features of claims 3-4. Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma and well known art discloses all elements of claims 51-52.

Referring to claim 9, combination of Veerasamy/Ma discloses the method according to claim 8

Veerasamy does not specifically disclose the information collecting server sends trigger command simultaneously to the at least one mobile radio terminal based on a load on a radio circuit.

The examiner takes official notice of the fact that sending trigger commands (e.g., handover commands) to mobile terminals based on load status (e.g., traffic load of the current cell) is well known in the art.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the above combination by allowing the network servers to have control in handover process such that handover would also depend on cell load information, for the purpose of preventing call drops and increasing communication quality.

Claims 17, 28 and 36 recite features analogous to the features of claim 9 (as rejected above). Thus, the combination of Veerasamy/Ma and well known art discloses all elements of claims 17, 28 and 36.

### Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to the rejection of claims 1-73 have been considered but they are moot in view of new grounds of rejection. Application/Control Number: 10/700,483 Page 19

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Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to FRED A. CASCA whose telephone number is (571)272-7918.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9 to 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Paul Harper, can be reached at (571) 272-7605. The fax number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Fred A. Casca/

Examiner, Art Unit 2617

/VINCENT P HARPER/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2617